

Ecosystem Enhancement Program

Columbia Valley Sub-Region Ecological Priorities

The following ecosystem priorities were identified through a review of regional plans and research and by seeking input from community groups, First Nations representatives, government agencies, and subject matter experts. Priorities are listed in random order; no ranking is intended. Species, habitats, and processes are not limited to those listed below.

| Aquatic | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Conservation, restoration, and enhancement of aquatic habitat | | | | | |
| Priority Habitat | Priority Species | Priority Processes | | | |
| rivers and tributary streams that support rearing, spawning, overwintering, foraging from valley bottom to upper basin headwaters mainstem spawning cold water refugia lakes and ponds lake foreshore shallow open water alluvial fans and creek mouths perched ponds groundwater-surface water interface (warm water spring; mineral springs; cold water source) | native fish (Westslope Cutthroat Trout, Burbot, Bull Trout, Burbot, Kokanee, Columbia Sculpin, Sculpin spp., Dace, whitefish) waterbirds (American Avocet, Horned Grebe, Eared Grebe, Western Grebe, Marsh Wren, Double breasted Cormorant, American White Pelican), Black Swift. freshwater mussels invertebrates | fish passage connectivity water availability water temperature and quality (nutrients, turbidity) productivity geomorphic processes (erosion, sedimentation, levees, large woody debris, gravel recruitment) habitat complexity (large woody debris, gravel, rocks, sediment) invasive plant management | | | |
| Wetland/Riparian | | | | | |
| Conservation, restoration and e | enhancement of wetlands and ripa | arian areas | | | |
| Priority Habitat | Priority Species | Priority Processes | | | |
| low elevation wetlands floodplain ecosystems cottonwood stands mid elevation riparian habitats and benchland wetlands steep-sided clay banks interconnected floodplain wetlands breeding and nesting areas migratory stopover sites rare plant communities | western toad Columbia spotted frog northern leopard frog western painted turtle migratory birds and waterfowl (American bittern, Great Blue Heron, Western Screech-Owl, Osprey, Long- billed Curlew, Swallows (all), Olive-sided Flycatcher, Virginia Rail, Sora, Pied- billed Grebe, Eared Grebe, American Coot, Sandhill Crane) | wetland and floodplain connectivity valley bottom to mountain top connectivity hydrologic processes (filtering, recharge, flooding, storage) geomorphic processes (erosion, levees, gravel, sedimentation, woody debris) nutrient dynamics | | | |

| bats American beave muskrat rare plants macroinvertebra | beaver wetland creationcarbon storage |
|---|--|
|---|--|

Terrestrial

Protection, enhancement and identification of corridors and linkage areas

• Priority: Columbia Wetlands Spillimacheen- Brisco; Radium Corridor; and Columbia Lake Corridor. Conservation and restoration of upland habitats that support species at risk and focal species

| Priority Habitat | Priority Species | Priority Processes |
|--|--|--|
| open forests and grasslands mature aspen mature riparian cottonwood alpine and high elevation grasslands climax grasslands rare plant communities old growth forests ungulate winter range ice fields/glaciers rock outcrops and caves nesting and/or roosting sites burrows or denning areas hibernacula wildlife trees and snags mineral licks calcareous rock / soils | mountain caribou grizzly bear mountain goat elk, mule deer, moose bighorn sheep wolf bats American badger northern pocket gopher porcupine wolverine Lewis' Woodpecker Bobolink Clark's Nutcracker Common Nighthawk Flammulated Owl Short-eared Owl Peregrine Falcon rubber boa whitebark pine limber pine huckleberry rare plants pollinators and other invertebrates fungi | valley bottom to mountain top connectivity climate refugia food web interactions (predator-prey, seed dispersal, pollination) natural vegetation succession natural fire regime climate refugia deciduous regeneration genetic and structural diversity resiliency |
| Cultural | | |

Protection and enhancement of Indigenous cultural values

| Priority Habitat | Priority Species | Priority Processes |
|---|---|--|
| cultural use areas riparian areas and wetlands fisheries sensitive watersheds berry habitat old growth grizzly bear habitat and connectivity corridors | culturally significant and medicinal plants furbearers wide ranging carnivores ungulates species at risk traditional fish food sources | Indigenous knowledge and traditional practices Indigenous-led conservation Connectivity Bioculture connections (traditional travel and trade routes |

| fire maintained ecosystems | • | Maintenance of subsistence |
|---|---|-----------------------------|
| species at risk | | networks (Hunting, trapping |
| ungulate winter range | | and fishing) |
| caribou habitat | • | Cultural heritage resources |
| wildlife habitat areas (WHAs) | • | Wildlife food resource |
| and habitat features (WHFs) | | conservation |
| biodiversity | | |

Columbia Valley Subregion Emerging Issues

- Climate Change
- Invasive Species
- Imminent species/habitat decline
- Emergent and persistent diseases/pests
- Wildfire and fire management
- Recreation and access management
- Agriculture, grazing and range management
- Loss of snowpack and cold water creeks
- Water quality and availability
- Conifer encroachment on native grassland

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